## 11<sup>th</sup> International Conference \*Rodens et Spatium on Rodent Biology



Myshkin, Russia July 24-28, 2008

Abstracts List of Participants

## 11<sup>th</sup> International Conference \*Rodens et Spatium on Rodent Biology

Myshkin, Russia July 24-28, 2008

Abstracts List of Participants

## Spatial interrelations between bank voles and yellow-necked mice in Crabapple Island

Bujalska G. (1), Grüm L. (1), Lukyanova L. (2) and Vasilyev A. (2)

(1) CardinalStefanWyszyńskiUniversity, Warszawa,Poland gables@neostrada.pl (2) Institute of Plant and AnimalEcologyRAS, Ekaterinburg, Russia

Concurrent studies on populations of Apodemus flavicollis and Myodes glareolus were conducted on Crabapple Island (NE Poland) in 1994 through 1998. Habitat conditions as well as population and interspecific factors were analysed. It appears that the number of individuals in a locality (that is a trap-site) is weakly correlated with habitat factors (e.g., plant cover, dead logs or distance to the island shore); on the contrary it depends on the number of individuals in the neighbouring localities: belonging to the other species, and especially, to the same species. Thus, one can establish the following order of the factors affecting the number of individuals in a locality: population (the strongest impact), interspecific (less important) and habitat factors (the weakest influence).

Particular attention was paid to spatial interrelations between sexually mature females of the co-occurring species. Such females of these species mutually accept themselves in the same locality, providing they are single. Mature female of A. flavicollis, do not accept (i.e., avoid) two or more mature females of M. glareolus. Mature female of M. glareolus tolerates two or more mature females of the other species in the same locality. Two or more mature females of each of the studied species rarely co-occur in the same locality (i.e., avoid themselves).